

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Aug 16, 2023 – 10:36 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	2A42
Title	:	Actin-DNAse I Complex
Authors	:	Chereau, D.; Kerff, F.; Dominguez, R.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.85 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

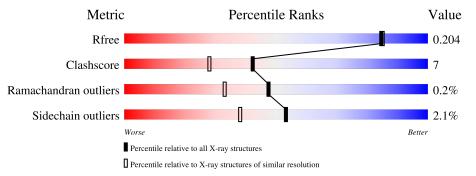
Xtriage (Phenix) EDS buster-report Percentile statistics Refmac CCP4 Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	::	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) 5.8.0158 7.0.044 (Gargrove) Engh & Huber (2001) Parkinson et al. (1996)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)		Parkinson et al. (1996) 2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R _{free}	130704	2469(1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592(1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	375	79% 16'	% • •
2	В	260	90%	7% ••
3	С	2	100%	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5546 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Actin, alpha skeletal muscle.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	361	Total 2939	C 1872	N 482	O 559	S 26	0	22	0

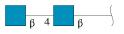
There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	73	HIC	HIS	modified residue	UNP P68135

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Deoxyribonuclease-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	255	Total 2042	C 1299	N 338	O 399	S 6	0	6	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	С	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	0 10	0	0	0

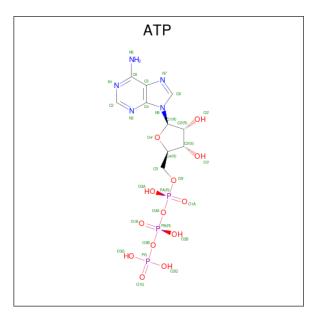
• Molecule 4 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0
4	В	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0



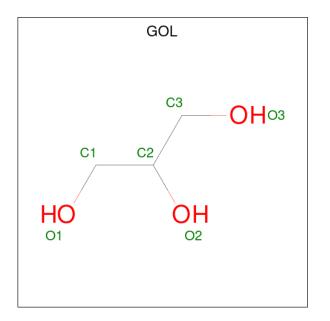


• Molecule 5 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	Λ	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0
0	A	1	31	10	5	13	3	0	0

• Molecule 6 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
6	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 7 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	В	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0	0

• Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	А	331	Total O 331 331	0	1
8	В	154	Total O 154 154	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Chain A:	79%	16% · ·
ASP ASP ASD ASD ASD ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP	R37 P38 P38 P38 P38 P70 P70 P73 P73 P73 P73 P73 P73 P73 P73 P73 P73	Y143 T148 T148 V162 V163 P164 T176 L186 L186 L186 L186 T186 T186 T186 T186 T186 T186 T200 Y200
1203 4204 5205 7206 7206 7209 7240 7240 7240 7240 7241	P243 46 9246 1269 1271 2271 1275 1288 1288 1317 1318 1317 1318 1327	P333 E334 E334 E334 F335 C3338 C3338 C3338 C333 C333 C333 C33
CTS PHE		
• Molecule 2: Deox	xyribonuclease-1	
Chain B:	90%	7% ••
L1 K2 D33 R73 N74 N74 L92 L92 C92 Q96	000 017 017 017 017 017 017 017 017 017	224 234 230 1260 1260

• Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C:

100%

NAG1 NAG2



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	152.73Å 41.48Å 117.91Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 109.28° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.70 - 1.85	Depositor
Resolution (A)	38.67 - 1.85	EDS
% Data completeness	97.4 (38.70-1.85)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.4(38.67-1.85)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.69 (at 1.85 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
D D.	0.161 , 0.199	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.165 , 0.204	DCC
R_{free} test set	2973 reflections $(5.06%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	26.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.212	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 37.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ \langle L \rangle = 0.49, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5546	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	43.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.14% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, ATP, CA, NAG, HIC, GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chair		Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.56	0/3035	0.76	1/4109~(0.0%)
2	В	0.59	1/2105~(0.0%)	0.79	1/2864~(0.0%)
All	All	0.57	1/5140~(0.0%)	0.77	2/6973~(0.0%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	В	123	THR	C-O	5.90	1.34	1.23

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	125	VAL	CB-CA-C	-5.80	100.38	111.40
1	А	62	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.19	122.90	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2939	0	2954	52	0
2	В	2042	0	1999	13	0
3	С	28	0	25	1	0



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	А	1	0	0	0	0
4	В	1	0	0	0	0
5	А	31	0	12	0	0
6	А	18	0	24	5	0
7	В	1	0	0	0	0
8	А	331	0	0	8	0
8	В	154	0	0	1	0
All	All	5546	0	5014	69	0

Continued from previous page...

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (69) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
6:A:1384:GOL:H32	8:A:1702:HOH:O	1.58	1.03
1:A:12[B]:ASN:ND2	8:A:1556:HOH:O	2.12	0.82
1:A:162[B]:ASN:HD22	1:A:176:MET:HB2	1.49	0.77
1:A:148:THR:OG1	8:A:1659:HOH:O	2.10	0.69
1:A:276[B]:GLU:OE1	8:A:1672:HOH:O	2.11	0.67
2:B:74:ASN:H	2:B:74:ASN:HD22	1.43	0.65
1:A:37:ARG:NH2	1:A:81:ASP:OD1	2.23	0.65
3:C:1:NAG:O3	3:C:2:NAG:H61	1.99	0.63
2:B:125:VAL:HG22	2:B:224:SER:OG	1.99	0.62
1:A:199:SER:OG	1:A:201[B]:VAL:HG23	2.01	0.61
1:A:176:MET:HE2	1:A:284:LYS:HD2	1.83	0.60
1:A:333:PRO:HD2	1:A:334:GLU:OE2	2.02	0.60
1:A:190[B]:MET:SD	1:A:206:ARG:HG3	2.41	0.59
1:A:180[A]:LEU:HD12	1:A:269[A]:MET:SD	2.41	0.59
1:A:349:LEU:O	1:A:353:GLN:NE2	2.27	0.58
1:A:202[B]:THR:N	1:A:205[B]:GLU:OE1	2.37	0.58
2:B:74:ASN:HD22	2:B:74:ASN:N	2.01	0.58
6:A:1383:GOL:H12	8:A:1437:HOH:O	2.04	0.57
1:A:275:HIS:HA	1:A:313[B]:MET:HE1	1.87	0.56
2:B:85:ARG:NH1	8:B:1389:HOH:O	2.22	0.55
1:A:318:THR:HA	1:A:327:ILE:HD13	1.89	0.55
1:A:78:ASN:ND2	1:A:81:ASP:OD2	2.40	0.54
1:A:203[B]:THR:C	1:A:205[B]:GLU:H	2.11	0.52
6:A:1383:GOL:H31	8:A:1693:HOH:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:352:PHE:HD1	1:A:355:MET:HE2	1.76	0.50
1:A:313[A]:MET:SD	1:A:317[A]:ILE:HD11	2.52	0.50



Continuea from previou		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (\AA)	overlap (Å)
2:B:92:LEU:HD11	2:B:119:SER:HB3	1.94	0.49
1:A:10[B]:CYS:HB2	1:A:105:LEU:HD23	1.94	0.49
2:B:74:ASN:H	2:B:74:ASN:ND2	2.10	0.49
1:A:190[B]:MET:HG2	1:A:209:VAL:HG21	1.95	0.49
1:A:37:ARG:HH21	1:A:84:LYS:HE3	1.76	0.49
1:A:199:SER:OG	1:A:201[B]:VAL:CG2	2.61	0.49
1:A:62:ARG:HD3	1:A:203[A]:THR:CG2	2.44	0.48
1:A:201[B]:VAL:N	1:A:205[B]:GLU:OE1	2.46	0.48
2:B:1:LEU:HD22	2:B:33:ASP:CB	2.44	0.48
1:A:352:PHE:HD1	1:A:355:MET:CE	2.26	0.48
1:A:62:ARG:HD3	1:A:203[A]:THR:HG21	1.96	0.48
1:A:190[A]:MET:CG	1:A:200[A]:PHE:O	2.62	0.47
1:A:240:TYR:CE2	6:A:1384:GOL:H2	2.50	0.47
2:B:230:ALA:HA	2:B:256:GLU:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:272:ALA:HB1	1:A:276[A]:GLU:HB2	1.97	0.46
1:A:190[A]:MET:HG3	1:A:200[A]:PHE:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:318:THR:HA	1:A:327:ILE:CD1	2.46	0.46
1:A:242:LEU:HD12	1:A:246:GLN:CG	2.46	0.45
2:B:96[B]:GLN:HG3	2:B:113:PRO:O	2.17	0.45
2:B:74:ASN:N	2:B:74:ASN:ND2	2.65	0.44
2:B:73:ARG:NE	2:B:106:ASN:O	2.38	0.44
2:B:2:LYS:NZ	2:B:256:GLU:OE2	2.49	0.43
1:A:49:GLN:NE2	8:A:1552:HOH:O	2.26	0.43
1:A:313[B]:MET:HA	1:A:313[B]:MET:CE	2.49	0.43
1:A:70:PRO:HG2	1:A:85:ILE:HD12	2.00	0.42
1:A:352:PHE:CD1	1:A:355:MET:CE	3.01	0.42
2:B:216:VAL:HG23	2:B:222:GLN:HG2	2.02	0.42
1:A:242:LEU:HB3	1:A:243:PRO:HD2	2.00	0.42
1:A:334:GLU:CD	1:A:334:GLU:H	2.23	0.42
1:A:186:THR:O	1:A:190[B]:MET:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:A:215:LYS:HE2	6:A:1384:GOL:O1	2.20	0.42
1:A:37:ARG:HA	1:A:38:PRO:HD3	1.92	0.42
1:A:352:PHE:CD1	1:A:355:MET:HE2	2.54	0.41
1:A:269[B]:MET:HG2	1:A:271:SER:HB3	2.03	0.41
1:A:203[B]:THR:O	1:A:205[B]:GLU:N	2.48	0.41
1:A:17:VAL:O	1:A:30:VAL:HA	2.20	0.41
1:A:12[B]:ASN:CG	8:A:1432:HOH:O	2.59	0.41
1:A:131:ALA:HB1	1:A:356:TRP:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:A:164:PRO:HG2	1:A:174:ALA:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:A:313[B]:MET:HA	1:A:313[B]:MET:HE3	2.03	0.41
1:A:335:ARG:HA	1:A:338:SER:HB3	2.03	0.41

Continued from previous page...



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:190[B]:MET:CG	1:A:209:VAL:HG11	2.51	0.40
1:A:143:TYR:OH	1:A:349:LEU:HD11	2.22	0.40

Continued from previous page...

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Favoured Allowed		Percentiles	
1	А	380/375~(101%)	368~(97%)	10 (3%)	2~(0%)	29	15
2	В	257/260~(99%)	250~(97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	637/635~(100%)	618 (97%)	17 (3%)	2 (0%)	47	26

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	204[A]	ALA
1	А	204[B]	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	325/317~(102%)	319~(98%)	6(2%)	59 45		
2	В	231/229~(101%)	226~(98%)	5(2%)	52 36		



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	nalysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
All	All	556/546~(102%)	545~(98%)	11 (2%)	53 40	

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	50	LYS
1	А	185	LEU
1	А	225	ASN
1	А	288	ASP
1	А	334	GLU
1	А	354	GLN
2	В	1	LEU
2	В	74	ASN
2	В	125	VAL
2	В	126	LYS
2	В	221	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	92	ASN
1	А	137	GLN
1	А	280	ASN
2	В	61	ASN
2	В	74	ASN
2	В	155	GLN
2	В	161	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond



2A42

length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Typ		Chain	Dog	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	туре	Ullalli	Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
1	HIC	А	73	1	8,11,12	1.27	2 (25%)	6,14,16	0.44	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	HIC	А	73	1	-	0/5/6/8	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	А	73	HIC	CD2-CG	2.47	1.39	1.36
1	А	73	HIC	CD2-NE2	-2.30	1.34	1.38

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Typ	Trune	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	туре	Unam			Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	С	1	3,2	14,14,15	0.54	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.13	1 (5%)



Т	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
				nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
	3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.47	0	17,19,21	1.84	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbb{N}	Лоl	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
	3	NAG	С	1	3,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
	3	NAG	С	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	С	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.12	119.13	112.19
3	С	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-3.68	105.63	111.02
3	С	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.96	118.69	122.90
3	С	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.85	118.85	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	С	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

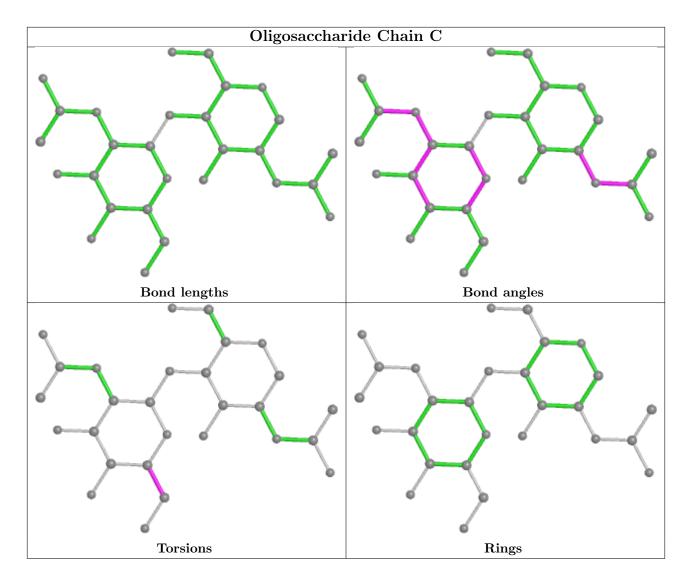
2 monomers are involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	С	2	NAG	1	0
3	С	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.







5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths				Bond angles		
	Type	Unam	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
6	GOL	А	1382	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.40	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.62	0	
5	ATP	А	1380	4	26,33,33	1.08	2 (7%)	31,52,52	1.52	<mark>6 (19%)</mark>	
6	GOL	А	1384	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.30	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.53	0	
6	GOL	А	1383	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.35	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.22	0	



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	GOL	А	1382	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
5	ATP	А	1380	4	-	1/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
6	GOL	А	1384	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
6	GOL	А	1383	-	-	1/4/4/4	-

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	А	1380	ATP	C5-C4	2.75	1.48	1.40
5	А	1380	ATP	C2-N3	2.02	1.35	1.32

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	А	1380	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-4.14	122.21	128.68
5	А	1380	ATP	C2-N1-C6	3.32	124.44	118.75
5	А	1380	ATP	N6-C6-N1	2.46	123.67	118.57
5	А	1380	ATP	O4'-C1'-C2'	-2.18	103.74	106.93
5	А	1380	ATP	O3G-PG-O2G	2.12	115.75	107.64
5	А	1380	ATP	C1'-N9-C4	-2.12	122.92	126.64

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	А	1384	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
6	А	1383	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
5	А	1380	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O1B

There are no ring outliers.

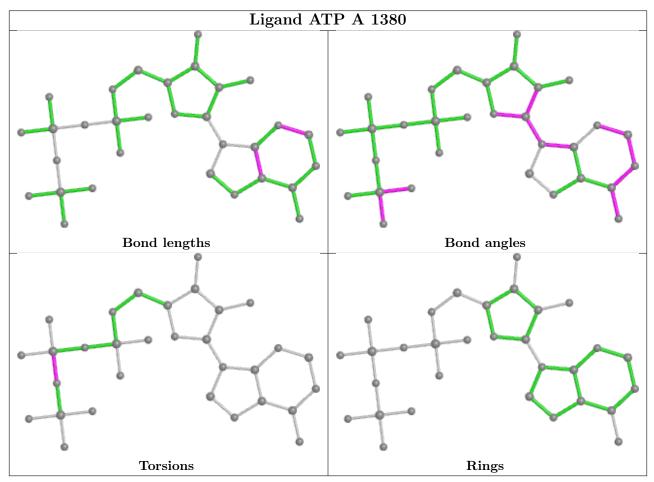
2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	А	1384	GOL	3	0
6	А	1383	GOL	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,



bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

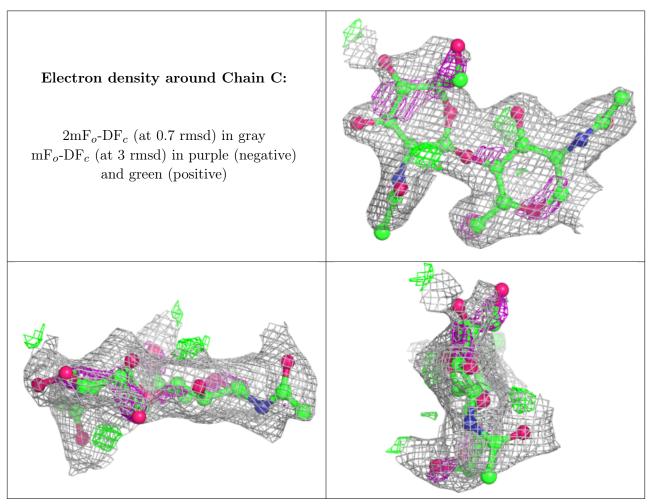
6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

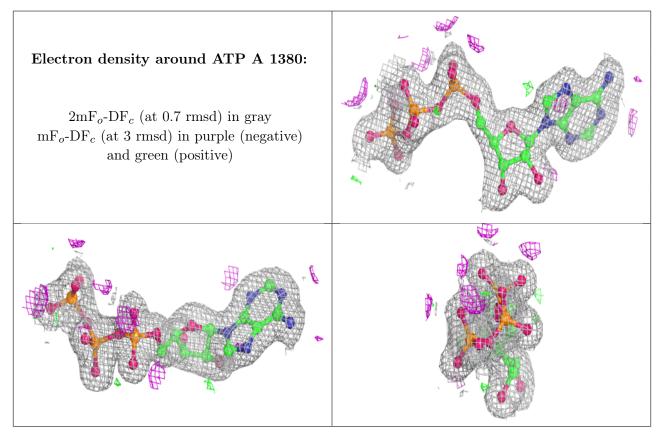




6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

