

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Mar 4, 2024 - 03:09 AM EST

PDB ID : 107D

Title : SOLUTION STRUCTURE OF THE COVALENT DUOCARMYCIN A-DNA

DUPLEX COMPLEX

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Deposited on : 1995-01-17

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

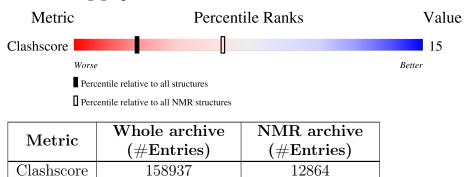
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain				
1	A	7		57%	43%			
2	В	7	14%	43%	43%			



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 4 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 506 atoms, of which 188 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

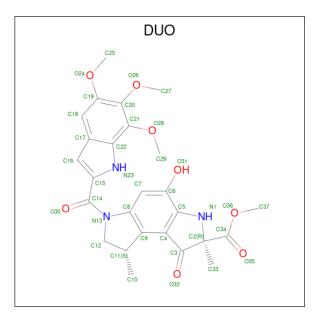
• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*CP*CP*TP*TP*TP*TP*C)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	Λ	7	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
1	А	1	217	67	83	17	44	6	U

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*AP*AP*AP*GP*G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
9	D	7	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
	Б	1	226	70	79	35	36	6	U

• Molecule 3 is 4-HYDROXY-2,8-DIMETHYL-1-OXO-6-(4,5,6-TRIMETHOXY-1H-INDOLE -2-CARBONYL)-1,2,3,6,7,8-HEXAHYDRO-3,6-DIAZA-AS-INDACENE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID METHYL ESTER (three-letter code: DUO) (formula: C₂₆H₂₇N₃O₈).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					
9	D	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	
3	Б	1	63	26	26	3	8	



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*CP*TP*TP*TP*TP*C)-3')

Chain A: 57% 43%

■ Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*AP*AP*AP*GP*G)-3')

Chain B: 14% 43% 43%

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

 \bullet Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*CP*TP*TP*TP*TP*C)-3')

Chain A: 57% 43%

C2 C2 T3 T4 T6 C7

• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*AP*AP*AP*GP*G)-3')

Chain B: 14% 43% 43%





4.2.2	Score	per	residue	for	model	2
±		POI	icsiaac	101	model	_

 \bullet Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*CP*TP*TP*TP*TP*C)-3')

Chain A: 57%

• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*AP*AP*AP*GP*G)-3')

Chain B: 14% 43% 43%

G8 A9 A10 A11 A12 G13 G14

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*CP*TP*TP*TP*TP*C)-3')

Chain A: 57% 43%

C1 C2 T3 T4 T5 T6 C7

 \bullet Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*AP*AP*AP*GP*G)-3')

Chain B: 14% 71% 14%

G14 G18 G13 G14

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*CP*TP*TP*TP*TP*C)-3')

Chain A: 43% 57%

C1 C2 T3 T4 T6 C7

• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*AP*AP*AP*GP*G)-3')

Chain B: 57% 43%

G8 A9 A10 A11 A12 G13 G14



Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: MOLECULAR DYNAMICS, MATRIX RE-LAXATION.

Of the? calculated structures, 4 were deposited, based on the following criterion:?.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	refinement	

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DUO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	В	ond lengths	Bond angles		
Moi Chain		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	1.65 ± 0.03	$5\pm0/147~(~3.4\pm~0.0\%)$	2.53 ± 0.13	$12\pm1/224$ ($5.6\pm$ 0.5%)	
2	В	1.38 ± 0.04	$1\pm0/167~(~0.4\pm~0.3\%)$	2.04 ± 0.08	$6\pm1/257~(~2.3\pm~0.6\%)$	
All	All	1.51	23/1256 (1.8%)	2.28	74/1924 (3.8%)	

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{z}	$Observed(\AA)$	$Ideal(\mathring{A})$	Mod	dels
IVIOI	Chain	rtes	Type	Atoms		Observed(A)	Ideal(A)	Worst	Total
1	A	5	DT	C5-C7	7.97	1.54	1.50	2	4
1	A	3	DT	C5-C7	6.61	1.54	1.50	4	4
1	A	4	DT	C5-C7	6.11	1.53	1.50	2	4
1	A	6	DT	C5-C7	6.01	1.53	1.50	2	4
1	A	7	DC	N1-C6	5.85	1.40	1.37	2	4
2	В	12	DA	N3-C4	5.20	1.38	1.34	1	3

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mal	Chain	Dag	Trino	Atoma	\mathbf{z}	Observed(0)	Ideal(0)	Mod	dels
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms		$Observed(^o)$	$ \operatorname{Ideal}(^{o}) $	Worst	Total
1	A	1	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	14.63	118.25	108.00	3	4
2	В	9	DA	O4'-C1'-N9	9.33	114.53	108.00	4	1
2	В	10	DA	O4'-C1'-N9	9.29	114.50	108.00	4	3
2	В	12	DA	O4'-C1'-N9	9.19	114.43	108.00	3	3
2	В	14	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	8.93	114.25	108.00	1	4
2	В	12	DA	O4'-C1'-C2'	-8.04	99.47	105.90	3	4
1	A	3	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	7.72	113.40	108.00	1	1
2	В	13	DG	P-O3'-C3'	7.48	128.67	119.70	3	4
1	A	2	DC	N1-C2-O2	7.07	123.14	118.90	2	4
1	A	1	DC	O4'-C1'-C2'	-6.93	100.36	105.90	1	4

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed (0)	Ideal(0)	Mod	dels
MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$	Worst	Total
2	В	8	DG	P-O3'-C3'	6.80	127.86	119.70	4	1
1	A	6	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.60	118.94	122.90	1	3
1	A	4	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.58	118.95	122.90	1	3
1	A	3	DT	P-O3'-C3'	6.58	127.59	119.70	4	2
2	В	9	DA	P-O3'-C3'	6.49	127.49	119.70	4	3
1	A	7	DC	N1-C2-O2	6.38	122.73	118.90	4	4
1	A	5	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.31	119.11	122.90	1	2
1	A	2	DC	O4'-C4'-C3'	6.28	109.77	106.00	2	2
1	A	3	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.10	119.24	122.90	1	3
1	A	4	DT	N3-C2-O2	-6.09	118.65	122.30	1	4
1	A	3	DT	N3-C2-O2	-5.86	118.78	122.30	4	3
2	В	12	DA	C4'-C3'-C2'	-5.80	97.88	103.10	4	1
1	A	6	DT	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.49	104.61	110.10	1	3
1	A	2	DC	O4'-C1'-C2'	-5.33	101.64	105.90	1	2
1	A	1	DC	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.28	104.83	110.10	3	2
1	A	1	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.25	122.05	118.90	4	1
1	A	5	DT	O4'-C4'-C3'	5.18	109.11	106.00	3	1
1	A	2	DC	N3-C2-O2	-5.04	118.37	121.90	4	1
1	A	7	DC	N3-C2-O2	-5.02	118.39	121.90	4	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	134	83	83	3±1
2	В	147	79	79	4±0
3	В	37	26	26	1±0
All	All	1272	752	752	30

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	$\operatorname{Distance}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}})$	Mod	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:2:DC:H2"	1:A:3:DT:C6	0.64	2.28	2	4
2:B:12:DA:H1'	3:B:15:DUO:H103	0.60	1.74	2	4
1:A:3:DT:H1'	1:A:4:DT:OP1	0.59	1.97	4	1
1:A:2:DC:H2"	1:A:3:DT:C5	0.51	2.39	2	1
2:B:9:DA:C2	2:B:10:DA:C4	0.49	3.01	1	3
1:A:3:DT:OP2	1:A:3:DT:H6	0.48	1.91	4	1
2:B:9:DA:C2	2:B:10:DA:C2	0.48	3.00	4	4
1:A:3:DT:H4'	1:A:4:DT:OP1	0.47	2.09	2	1
1:A:4:DT:OP2	1:A:4:DT:H6	0.47	1.92	3	1
2:B:10:DA:H2"	2:B:11:DA:C8	0.47	2.44	3	2
2:B:9:DA:C2	2:B:10:DA:N3	0.45	2.85	1	2
2:B:11:DA:C6	2:B:12:DA:C6	0.43	3.06	4	2
1:A:3:DT:C6	1:A:3:DT:OP2	0.43	2.71	4	1
1:A:3:DT:H2"	1:A:4:DT:OP2	0.42	2.14	1	1
1:A:4:DT:H2"	1:A:5:DT:C6	0.42	2.49	4	1
2:B:11:DA:OP2	2:B:11:DA:H8	0.40	1.99	2	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Pos	Link		Bond len	gths
	туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
3	DUO	В	15	-	39,41,41	1.89 ± 0.01	8±0 (21±1%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Dec	Tiple		Bond an	gles
	туре	Cham	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
3	DUO	В	15	-	41,64,64	3.40 ± 0.14	18±1 (44±3%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings	
3	DUO	В	15	-	-	$0\pm0,19,49,49$	$0\pm0,5,5,5$	

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mal	Chain	Chain Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{z}	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
MIOI	Chain	nes	туре	Atoms	L	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)	Worst	Total
3	В	15	DUO	C14-N13	6.25	1.46	1.36	1	4
3	В	15	DUO	C2-C3	4.47	1.48	1.55	1	4
3	В	15	DUO	C2-C34	3.84	1.49	1.54	2	4
3	В	15	DUO	C12-C11	3.62	1.48	1.53	1	4

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Mol	Chain	Chain Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{z}	$Observed(\AA)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\mathring{A})$	Models	
Moi Chain	Chain		туре	Atoms		Observed(A)		Worst	Total
3	В	15	DUO	C5-N1	3.56	1.46	1.37	4	4
3	В	15	DUO	C8-N13	3.13	1.45	1.39	1	4
3	В	15	DUO	O36-C34	3.08	1.39	1.33	1	4
3	В	15	DUO	C17-C22	2.62	1.39	1.43	2	4
3	В	15	DUO	C18-C19	2.15	1.40	1.36	3	2

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

N / - 1	Clasica	Das	Т	A +	\mathbf{Z}	Ob 22222 d(0)	T-11(0)	Models	
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	L	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$	Worst	Total
3	В	15	DUO	O36-C34-C2	12.29	121.73	111.77	2	4
3	В	15	DUO	C33-C2-N1	8.79	103.08	111.24	1	2
3	В	15	DUO	C15-C14-N13	7.82	128.11	118.39	2	4
3	В	15	DUO	C12-N13-C8	6.52	101.69	109.21	4	4
3	В	15	DUO	O30-C14-N13	6.35	113.29	121.69	1	4
3	В	15	DUO	O36-C34-O35	6.25	112.98	123.93	4	4
3	В	15	DUO	C37-O36-C34	5.82	106.12	115.94	4	3
3	В	15	DUO	O32-C3-C2	5.00	128.92	122.20	3	4
3	В	15	DUO	C11-C12-N13	4.44	109.61	104.27	4	4
3	В	15	DUO	C7-C8-C9	4.17	118.85	122.40	4	4
3	В	15	DUO	C15-N23-C22	3.94	111.99	103.90	1	4
3	В	15	DUO	C34-C2-N1	3.56	119.58	111.16	1	2
3	В	15	DUO	O24-C19-C20	3.47	121.27	115.16	1	4
3	В	15	DUO	O24-C19-C18	3.34	120.91	125.24	1	2
3	В	15	DUO	O31-C6-C7	3.27	110.70	119.46	4	1
3	В	15	DUO	C4-C9-C11	3.20	127.02	131.79	4	3
3	В	15	DUO	O31-C6-C5	3.17	127.70	118.22	4	2
3	В	15	DUO	O32-C3-C4	2.92	123.89	130.66	2	4
3	В	15	DUO	C25-O24-C19	2.83	121.80	117.53	1	2
3	В	15	DUO	C15-C16-C17	2.48	109.65	106.55	1	4
3	В	15	DUO	C4-C5-N1	2.36	114.35	110.31	4	2
3	В	15	DUO	C18-C19-C20	2.14	117.82	120.15	1	2
3	В	15	DUO	C10-C11-C12	2.12	107.65	111.72	3	3
3	В	15	DUO	C7-C6-C5	2.06	121.60	119.84	4	1

There are no chirality outliers.

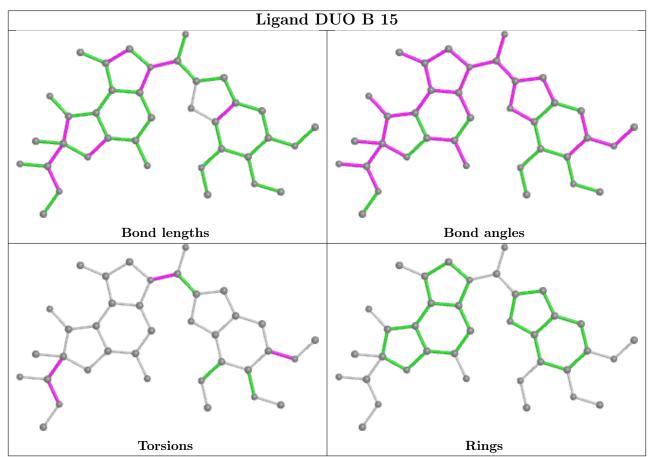
There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,



bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

